

# SLOW DYNAMICS IN LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES: A QUANTUM SIMULATION WITH RYDBERG ATOMS

Federica Surace

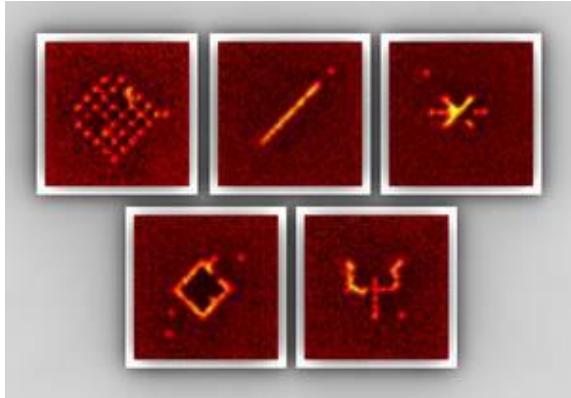
TRIESTE JUNIOR QUANTUM DAYS - 26/07/2019



**SISSA**

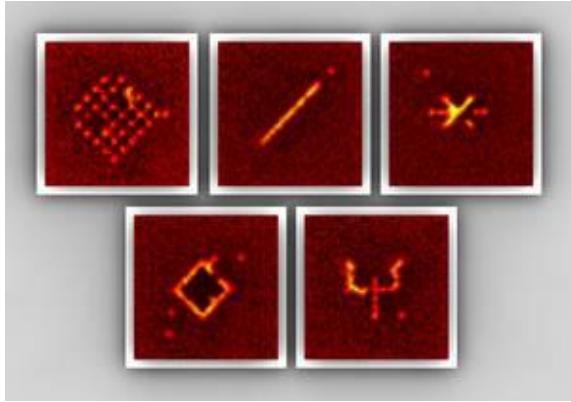


# WHY GAUGE THEORIES AND QUANTUM SIMULATIONS?



High degree of **control** and  
**tunability** of quantum systems

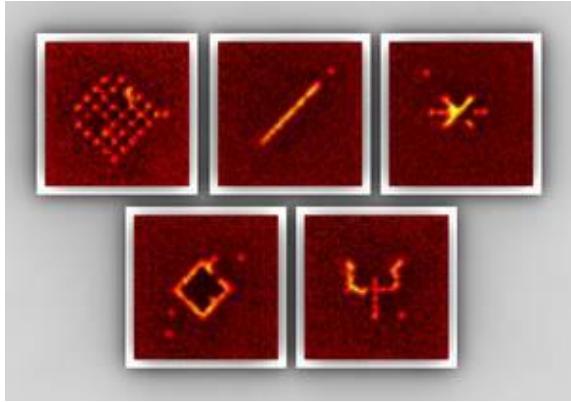
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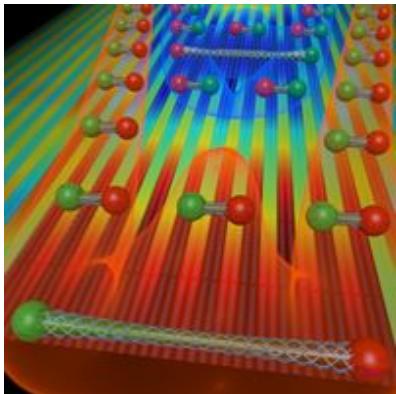


High degree of **control** and  
**tunability** of quantum systems

- Use of **quantum simulators** for **strongly correlated** matter
- **Time evolution** of many-particle quantum systems

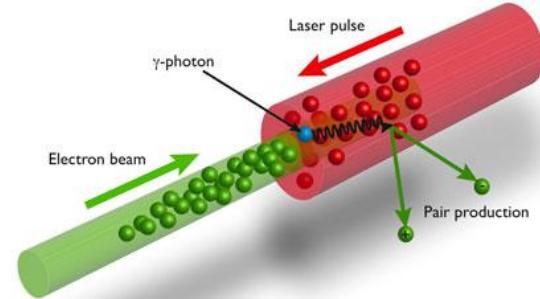
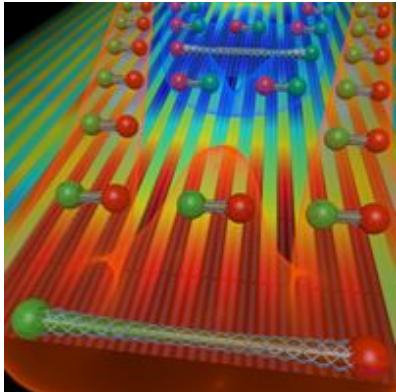
# WHY GAUGE THEORIES AND QUANTUM SIMULATIONS?

- Access to **real-time** dynamics: perspectives for **high energy** physics



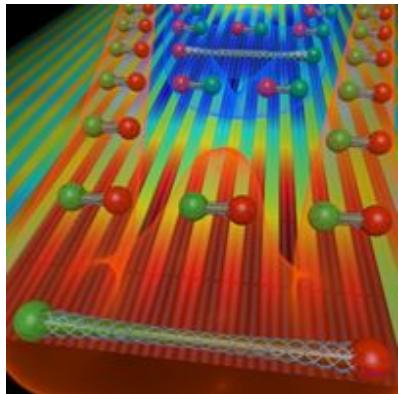
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- Access to **real-time** dynamics: perspectives for **high energy** physics
- Hope (long-term): overcome limitations of **experiments**, **classical computation**?

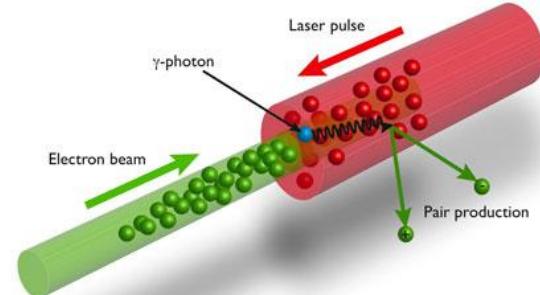


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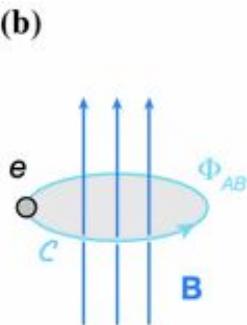
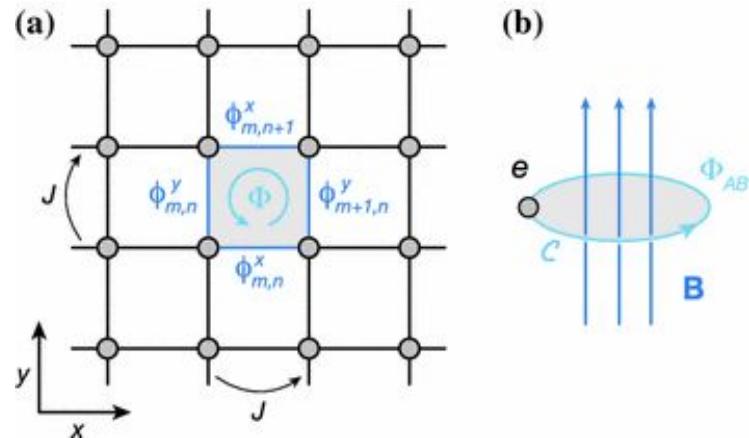


→ **LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES**



# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

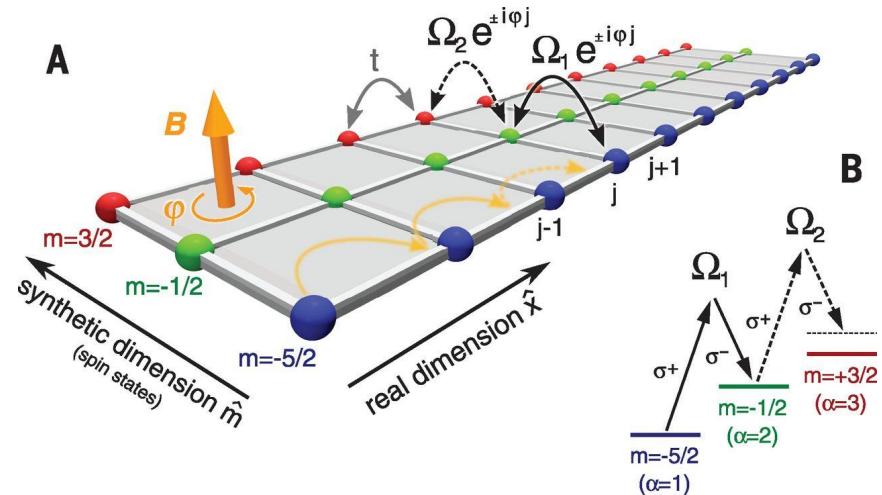
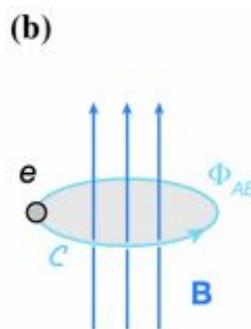
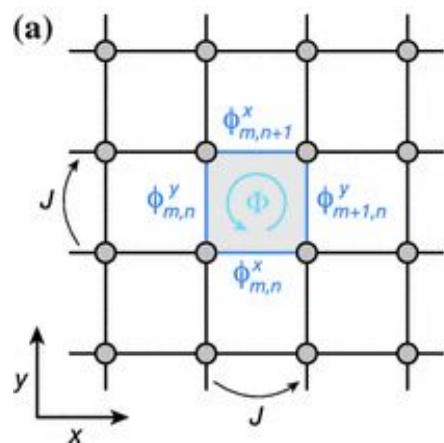
## Static gauge fields



Particles hopping around a plaquette acquire a phase

# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Static gauge fields

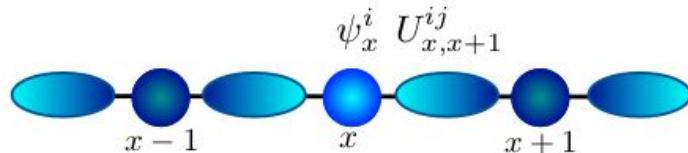


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# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Dynamical gauge fields

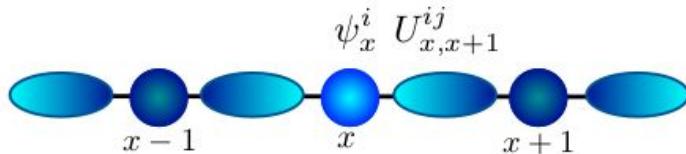
- additional “link” degrees of freedom



# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Dynamical gauge fields

- additional “link” degrees of freedom



**condensed matter**  
frustrated magnets

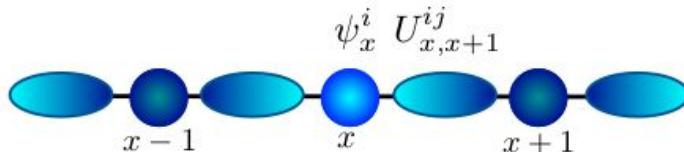
**quantum computing**  
toric code

**high energy physics**  
standard model

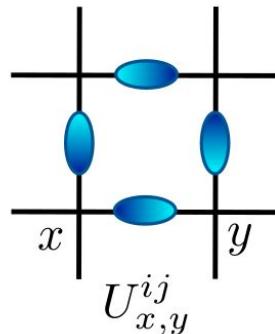
# STATIC VS DYNAMICAL GAUGE FIELDS

## Dynamical gauge fields

- additional “link” degrees of freedom



- Problem:
  - complex many-body interactions
  - local (gauge) symmetries

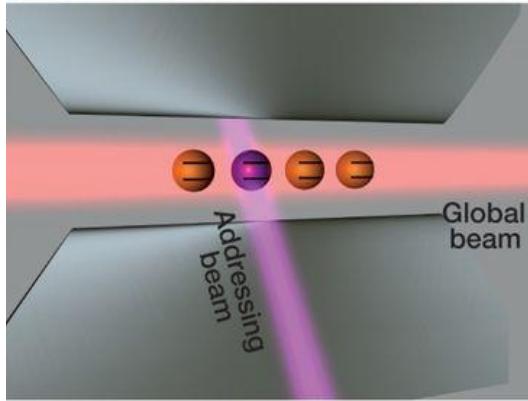


**condensed matter**  
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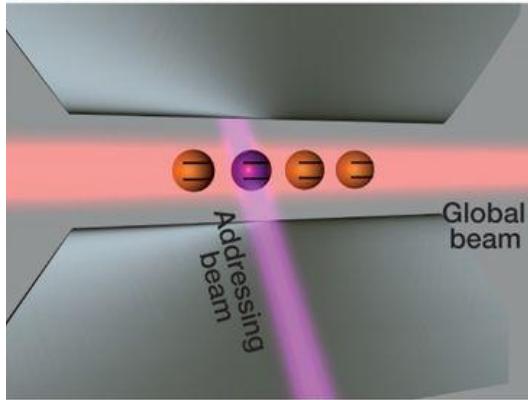
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So far, no experimental evidence  
that atomic systems can simulate  
gauge theories at large scale



Martinez, E. A., Muschik, C. A.,  
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We show that this  
has been done:

**U(1) GAUGE THEORY in 1+1d**  
exploiting dynamics induced  
by **Rydberg** interactions

# OUTLINE

## 1 The model

- Rydberg: FSS model
- $U(1)$  gauge: quantum link model

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- Rydberg: FSS model
- U(1) gauge: quantum link model

## 2 Slow dynamics

- Density oscillations
- String inversion

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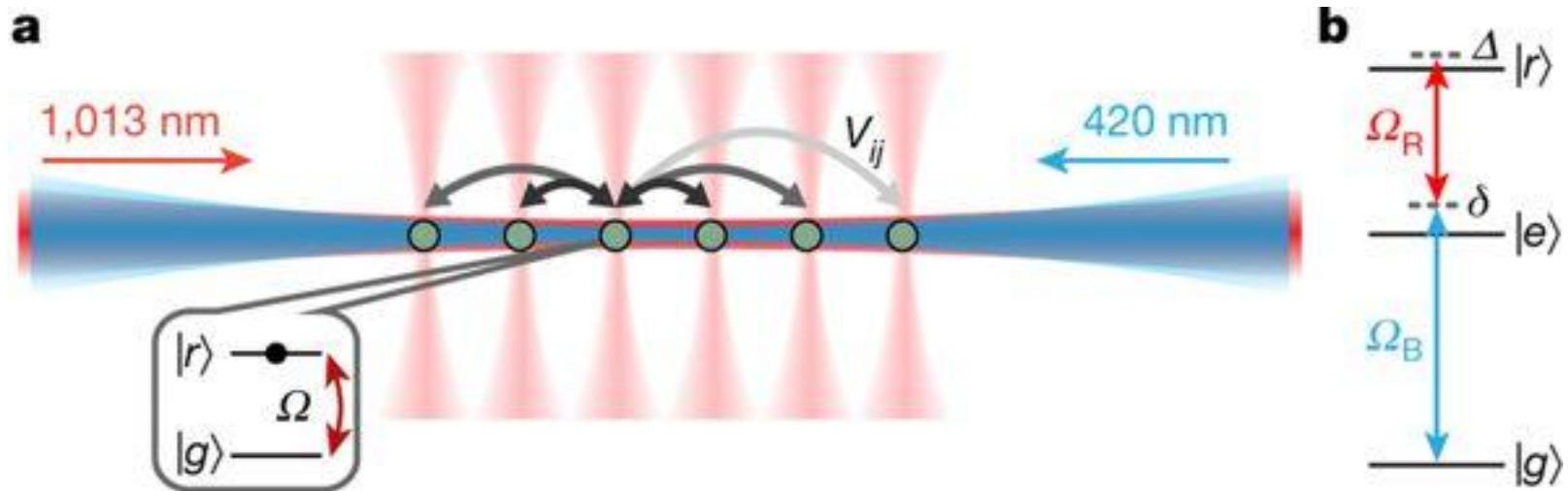
## 1 The model

- Rydberg: FSS model
- U(1) gauge: quantum link model

## 2 Slow dynamics

- Density oscillations
- String inversion
- No string breaking
- Particle-antiparticle pairs

# RYDBERG ATOM EXPERIMENT



$$\hat{H}_{\text{Ryd}} = \sum_{j=1}^L (\Omega \hat{\sigma}_j^x + \delta \hat{\sigma}_j^z) + \sum_{j \neq \ell=1}^L V_{j,\ell} (\hat{\sigma}_j^z + 1)(\hat{\sigma}_\ell^z + 1)$$

H. Bernien, S. Schwartz, A. Keesling, H. Levine, A. Omran, H. Pichler, S. Choi, A. S. Zibrov, M. Endres, M. Greiner, et al., *Nature* **551**, 579 (2017)

## FSS MODEL

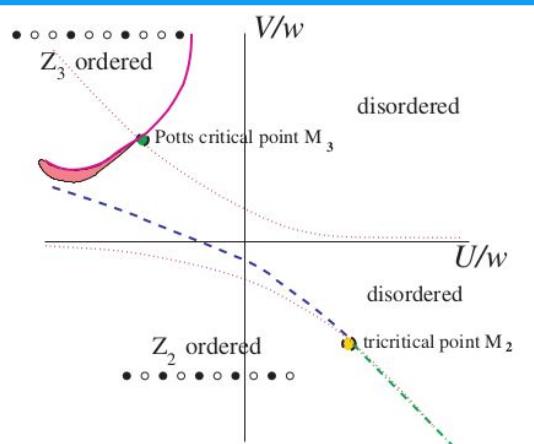
$$\hat{H}_{\text{FSS}} = \sum_j (\Omega \hat{\sigma}_j^x + \delta \hat{n}_j + V \hat{n}_j \hat{n}_{j+2}) \quad \hat{n}_j \hat{n}_{j+1} = 0$$

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## Phase diagram



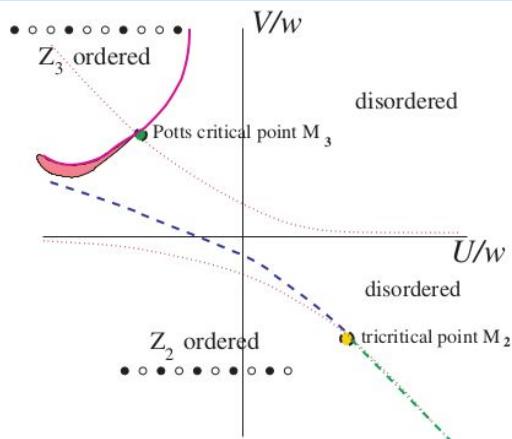
P. Fendley, K. Sengupta, and S. Sachdev, *Phys. Rev. B* **69**, 075106 (2004)

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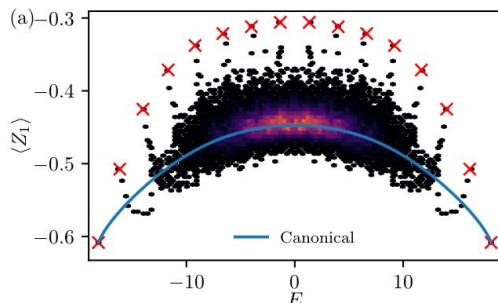
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## Phase diagram



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## Non-equilibrium dynamics



- Quantum many-body scars
- Violation of ETH

C. Turner, A. Michailidis, D. Abanin, M. Serbyn, and Z. Papic, *Nature Physics* (2018)

V. Khemani, C. R. Laumann, and A. Chandran, arXiv:1807.02108 (2018)

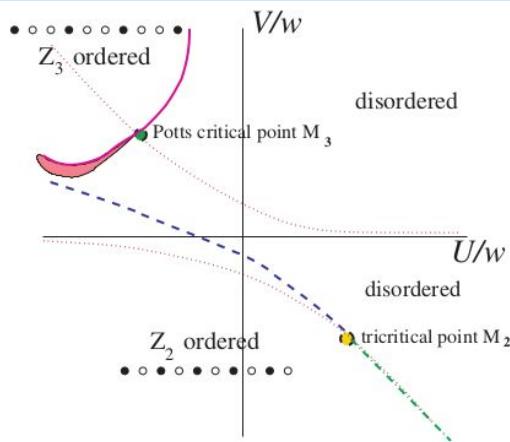
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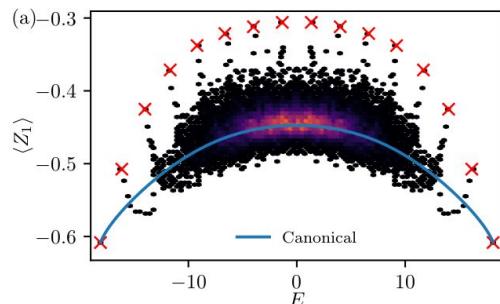
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Here:

Gauge theories

# U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

Fermions

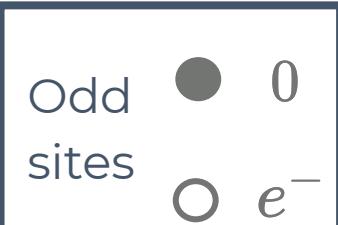
$$\{\hat{\Phi}_i^\dagger, \hat{\Phi}_j\} = \delta_{i,j}$$

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# $U(1)$ LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

### Fermions

$$\{\hat{\Phi}_i^\dagger, \hat{\Phi}_j\} = \delta_{i,j}$$



### Bare vacuum



### Pair

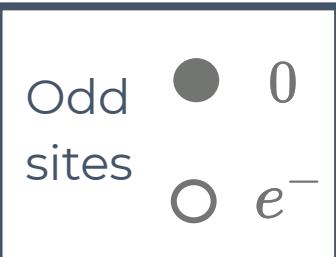


# $U(1)$ LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

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### Bare vacuum



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## Gauge fields (links)

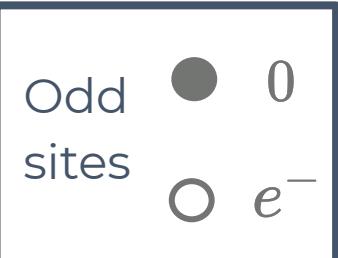
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# U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

### Fermions

$$\{\hat{\Phi}_i^\dagger, \hat{\Phi}_j\} = \delta_{i,j}$$



### Bare vacuum



### Pair



## Gauge fields (links)

$$[\hat{E}_{j,j+1}, \hat{U}_{j,j+1}] = \hat{U}_{j,j+1}$$

## Local symmetry

$$\hat{G}_j = \hat{E}_{j,j+1} - \hat{E}_{j-1,j} - \left( \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j - \frac{1-(-1)^j}{2} \right)$$

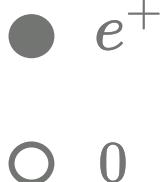
# $U(1)$ LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

### Fermions

$$\{\hat{\Phi}_i^\dagger, \hat{\Phi}_j\} = \delta_{i,j}$$

Even sites



### Bare vacuum



### Pair



## Gauge fields (links)

$$[\hat{E}_{j,j+1}, \hat{U}_{j,j+1}] = \hat{U}_{j,j+1}$$

## Local symmetry

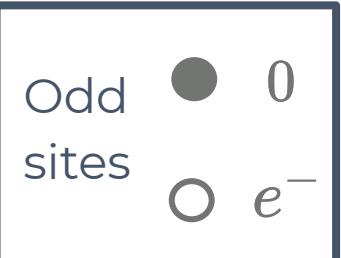
$$\hat{G}_j = \underbrace{\hat{E}_{j,j+1} - \hat{E}_{j-1,j}}_{\text{Electric flux}} - \underbrace{\left( \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j - \frac{1-(-1)^j}{2} \right)}_{\text{Charge}}$$

# U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

### Fermions

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### Bare vacuum



### Pair



## Gauge fields (links)

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$$\hat{G}_j |\Psi\rangle = 0$$

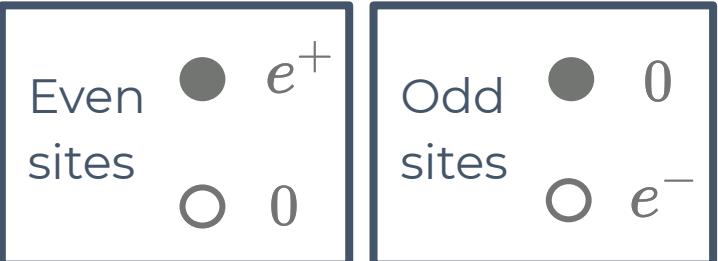
Gauss law

# $U(1)$ LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES

## Matter (sites)

### Fermions

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### Bare vacuum



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## Gauge fields (links)

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$$\hat{G}_j |\Psi\rangle = 0$$

Gauss law

$$[\hat{H}, \hat{G}_j] = 0$$

# **U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES**

$$\hat{H} = -w \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{U}_{j,j+1} \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c})$$



**Matter-field interaction**

Hopping of fermions

mediated by gauge fields

# **U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES**

$$\hat{H} = -w \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{U}_{j,j+1} \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c}) + m \sum_{j=1}^L (-1)^j \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j$$


The equation shows the Hamiltonian  $\hat{H}$  as a sum of two terms. The first term, labeled "Matter-field interaction", contains the operator  $\hat{U}_{j,j+1}$ . A blue arrow points from the text "Matter-field interaction" to this operator. The second term, labeled "Mass term", contains the operator  $\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j$ . A green arrow points from the text "Mass term" to this operator.

**Matter-field interaction**

Hopping of fermions

mediated by gauge fields

**Mass term**

# **U(1) LATTICE GAUGE THEORIES**

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**Matter-field interaction**

Hopping of fermions  
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**Mass term**

**Electrostatic term**

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**Matter-field interaction**

Hopping of fermions  
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**Mass term**

**Electrostatic term**

$$[\hat{H}, \hat{G}_j] = 0$$

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# QUANTUM LINK FORMULATION

Gauge fields

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# QUANTUM LINK FORMULATION

Gauge fields       $[\hat{E}_{j,j+1}, \hat{U}_{j,j+1}] = \hat{U}_{j,j+1}$

→ represented by **spin** variables       $\hat{E} \rightarrow \hat{S}^z$        $\hat{U} \rightarrow \hat{S}^+$

# QUANTUM LINK FORMULATION

Gauge fields

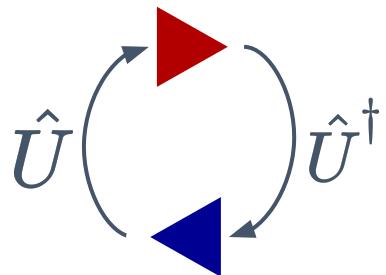
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## Quantum link $S=1/2$

$$\hat{E}|\blacktriangleright\rangle = +\frac{1}{2}|\blacktriangleright\rangle$$

$$\hat{E}|\blacktriangleleft\rangle = -\frac{1}{2}|\blacktriangleleft\rangle$$



# QUANTUM LINK FORMULATION

Gauge fields

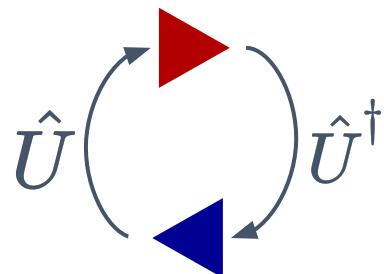
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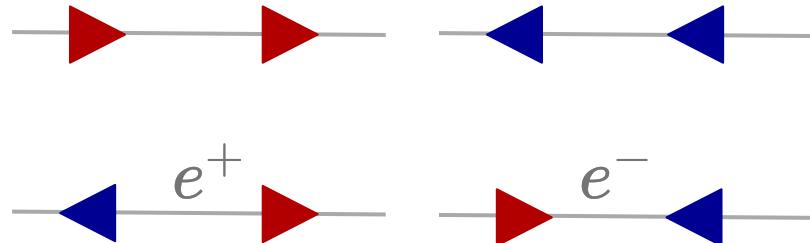
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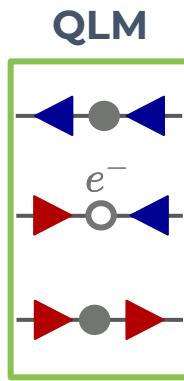
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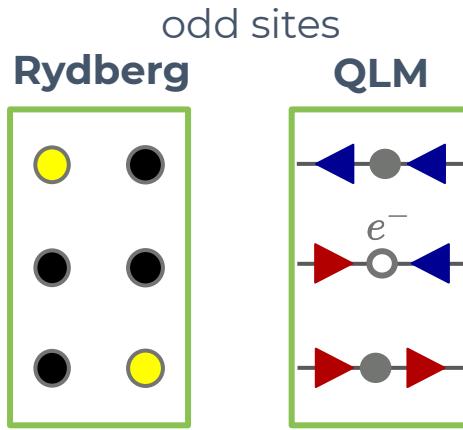
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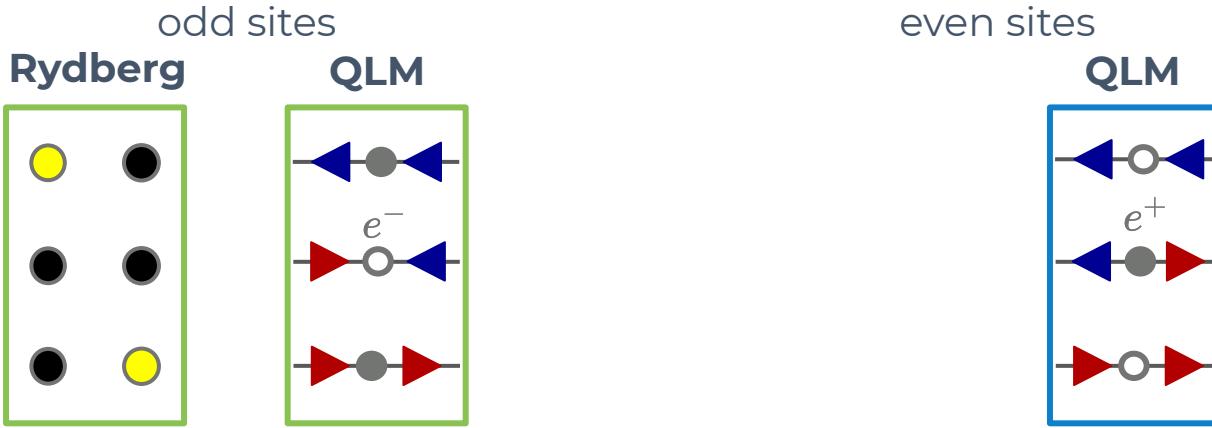
# MAPPING - STATES



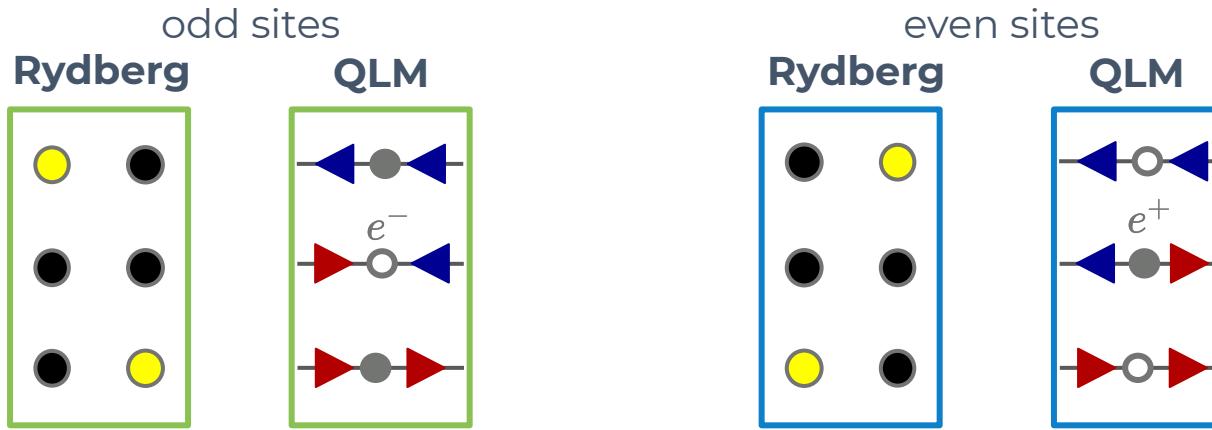
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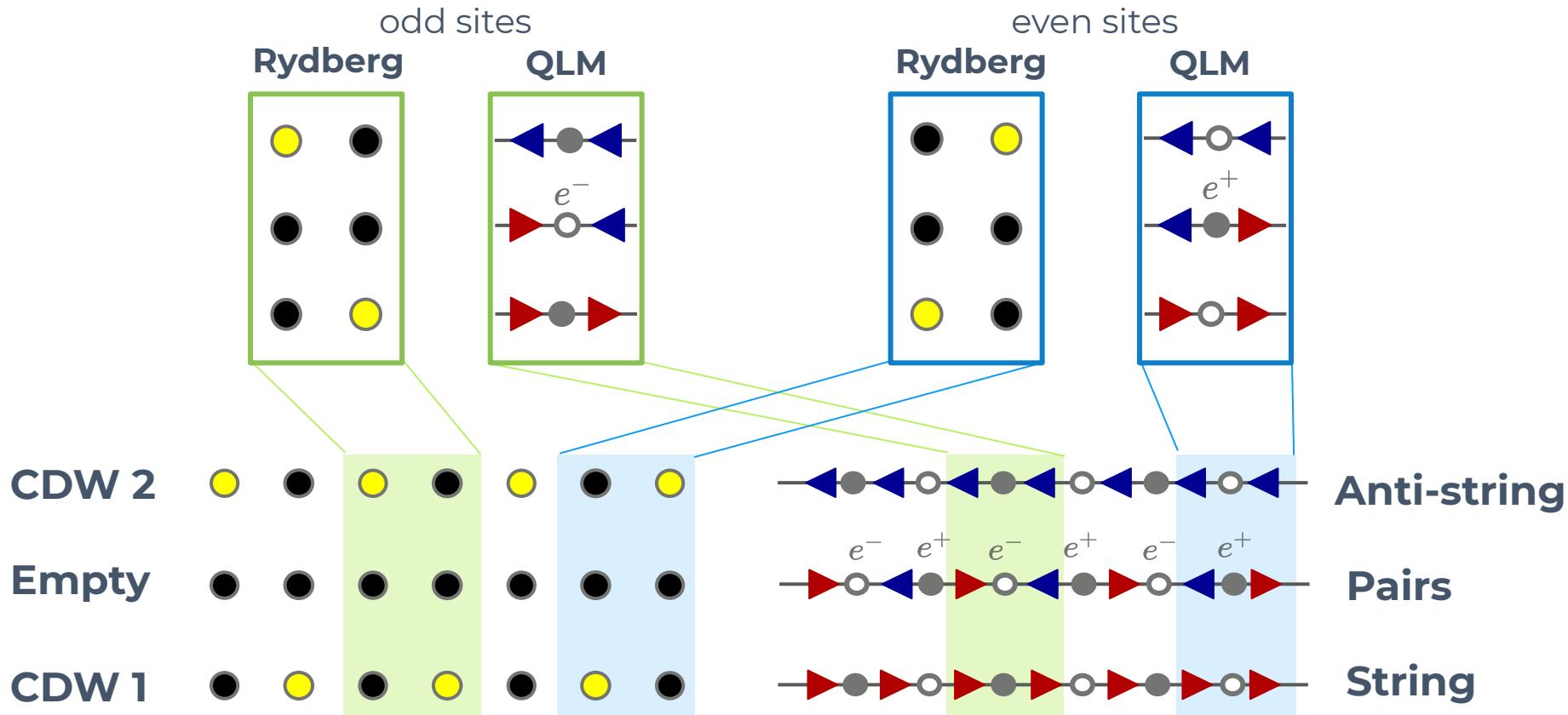
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# MAPPING - HAMILTONIAN

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$$\hat{H}_{QLM} = -w \sum_j (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{S}_{j,j+1}^+ \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c})$$

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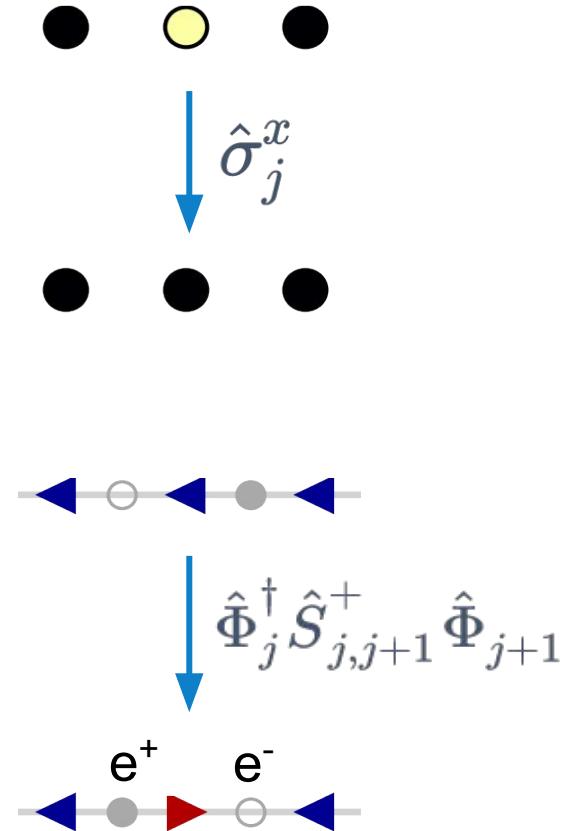
$$\hat{H}_{\text{FSS}} = \sum_j (\Omega \hat{\sigma}_j^x + \delta \hat{n}_j)$$

$$\Omega = -w$$



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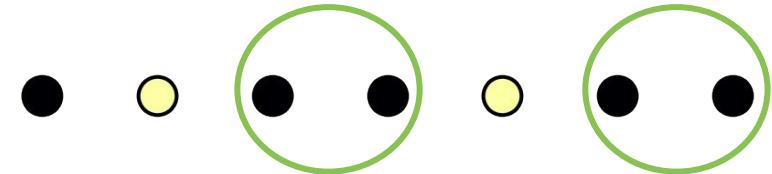
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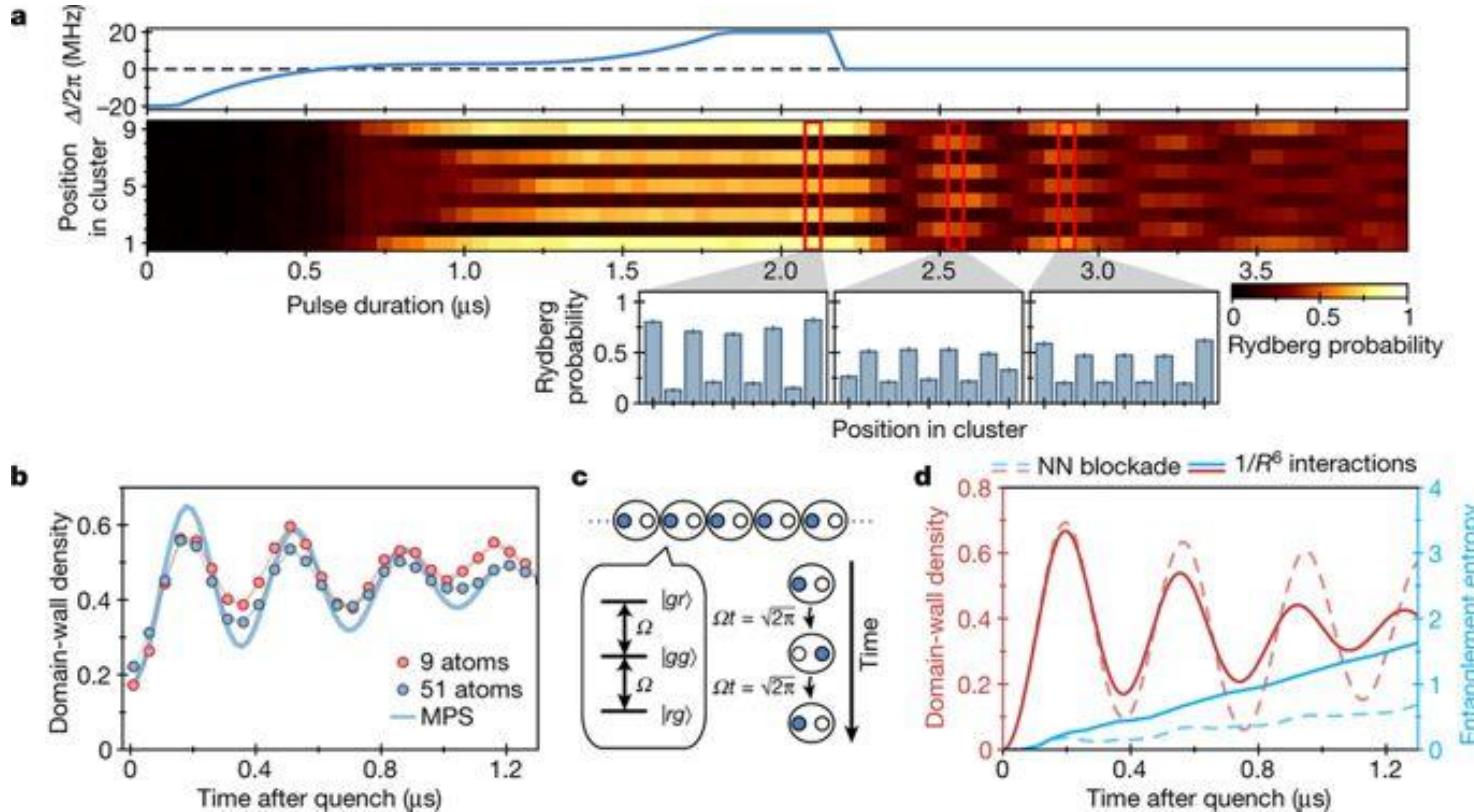
$$\begin{array}{c} \Omega = -w \\ \delta = -m \end{array}$$

$$\hat{H}_{QLM} = -w \sum_j (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{S}_{j,j+1}^+ \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c})$$

$$+ m \sum_j (-1)^j \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j$$

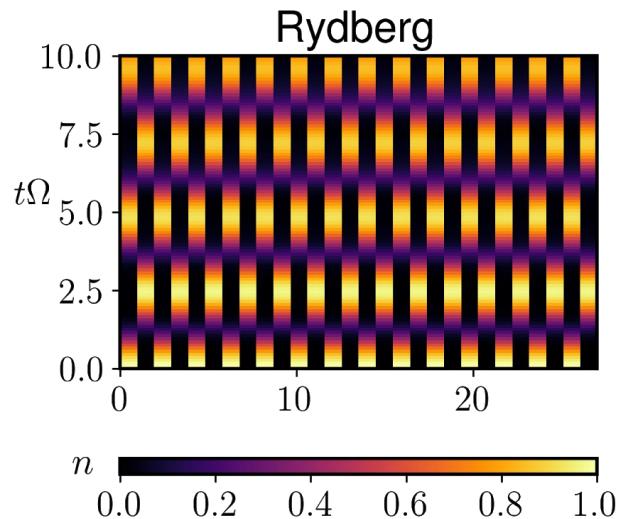


# EXPERIMENT: SLOW DYNAMICS

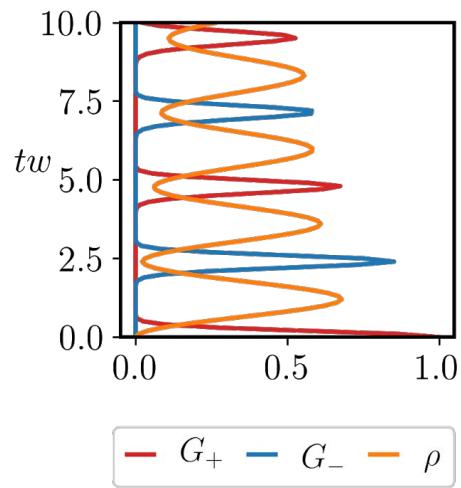
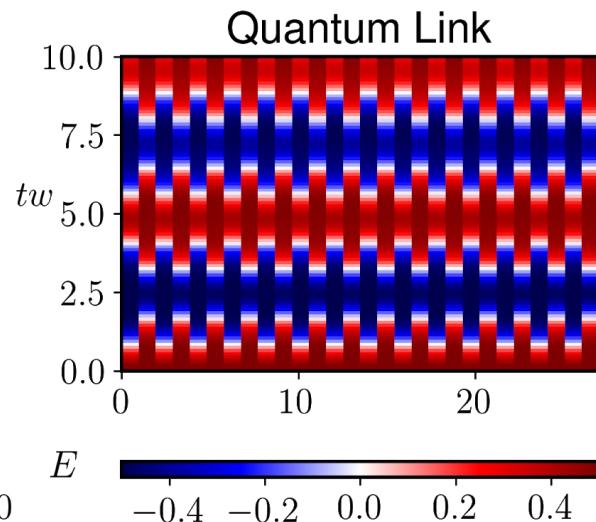
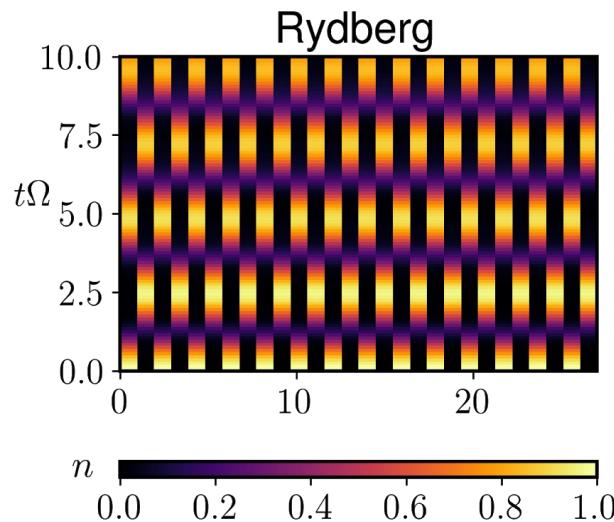


H. Bernien, S. Schwartz, A. Keesling, H. Levine, A. Omran, H. Pichler, S. Choi, A. S. Zibrov, M. Endres, M. Greiner, et al., *Nature* **551**, 579 (2017)

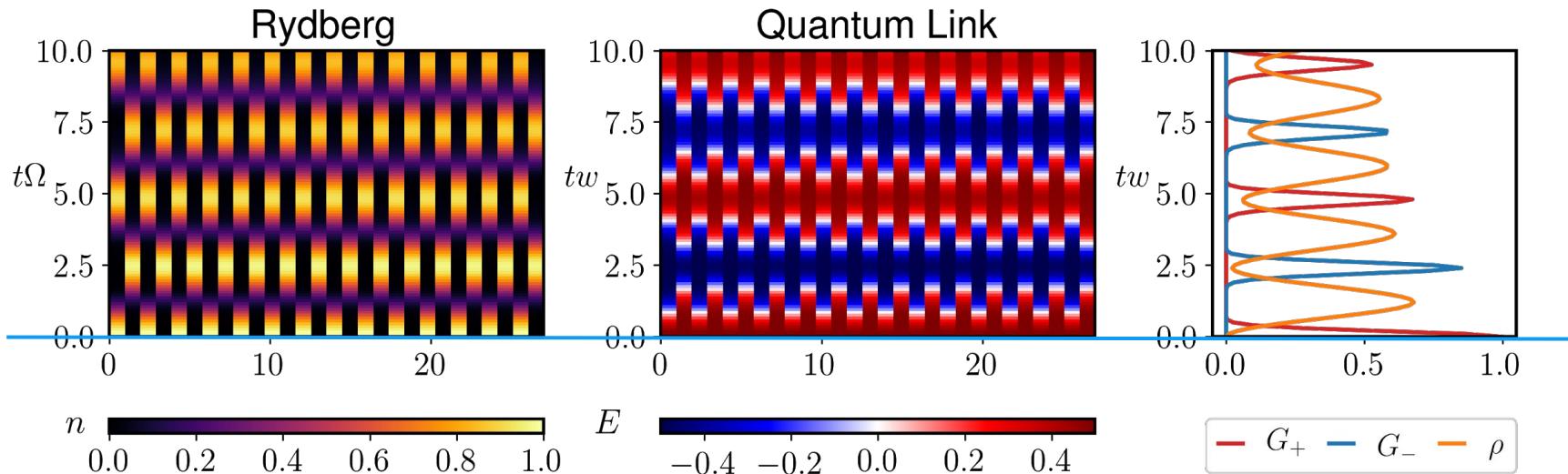
# INTERPRETATION AS STRING INVERSION



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# INTERPRETATION AS STRING INVERSION

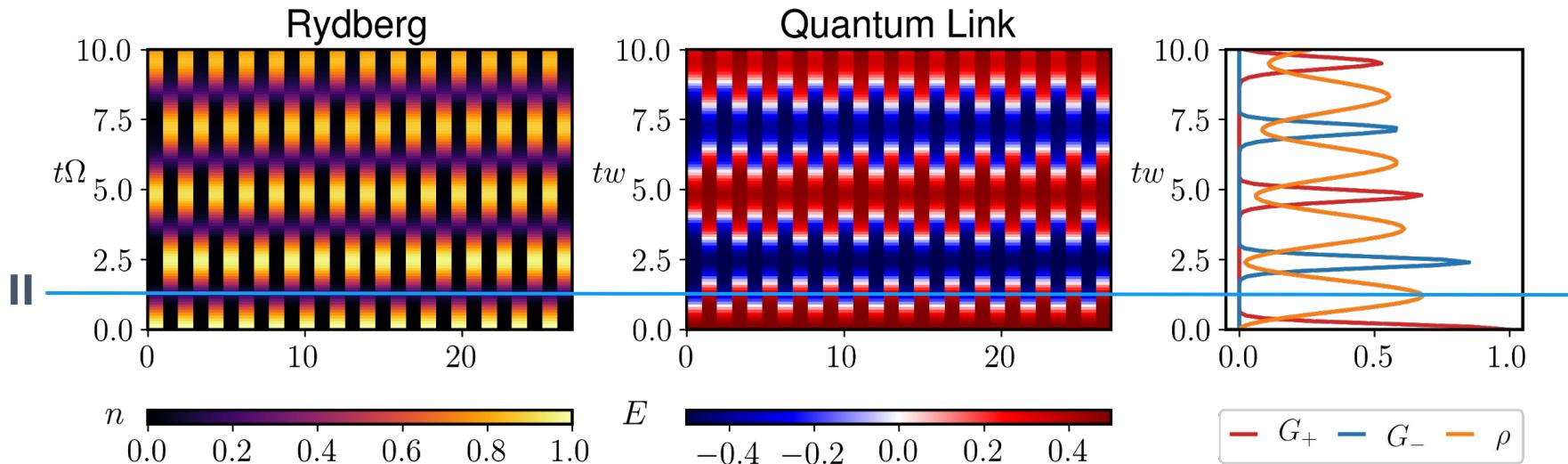


CDW 1   ●   ○   ●   ○   ●   ○   ●

String

←

# INTERPRETATION AS STRING INVERSION



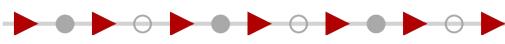
**Empty**    ●    ●    ●    ●    ●    ●    ●



**Pairs**

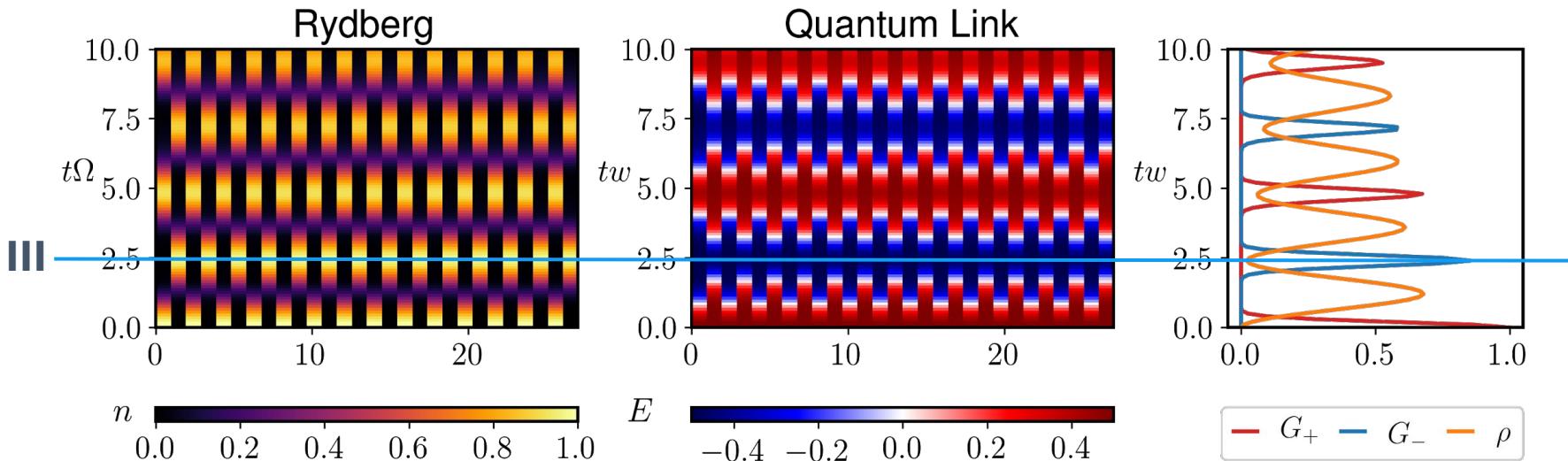


**CDW 1**    ●    ○    ●    ○    ●    ○    ●



**String**

# INTERPRETATION AS STRING INVERSION



**CDW 2**    ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●

**Empty**    ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●

**CDW 1**    ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●

← ● ← ○ ← ● ← ○ ← ● ← ○ ←

$e^-$   $e^+$   $e^-$   $e^+$   $e^-$   $e^+$

→ ○ → ● → ○ → ● → ○ → ● →

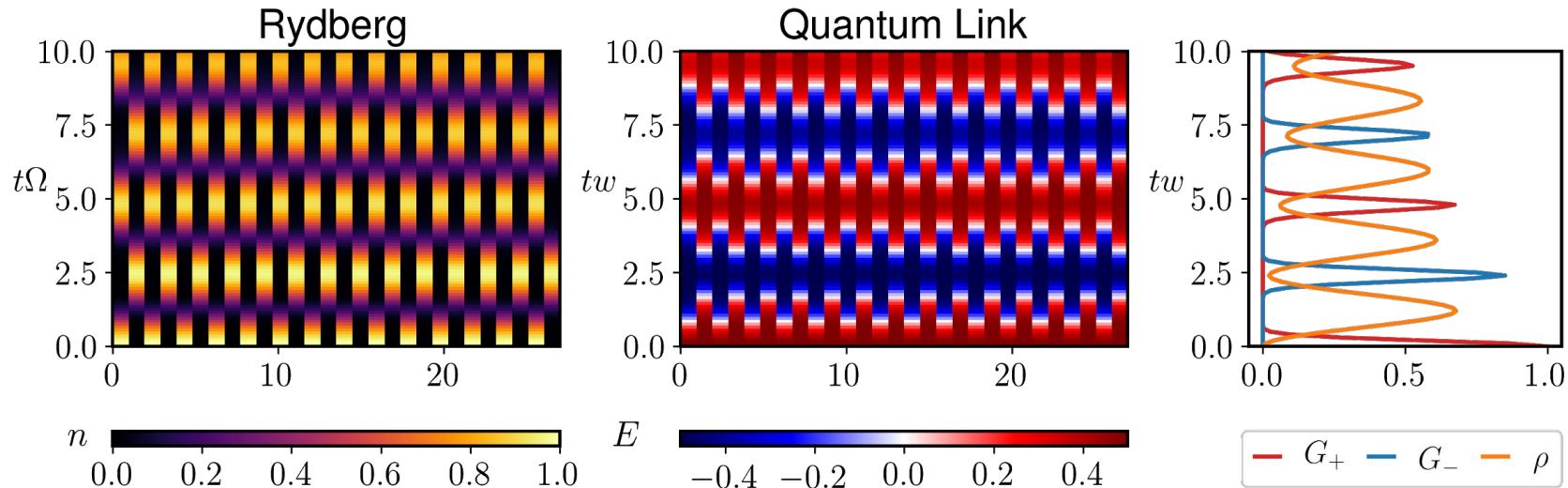
→ ● → ○ → ● → ○ → ● → ○ →

**Anti-string** ←

**Pairs**

**String**

# INTERPRETATION AS STRING INVERSION



**CDW 2**   ● ○ ● ○ ● ○ ● ○



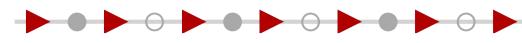
**Anti-string**

**Empty**   ● ● ● ● ● ● ●



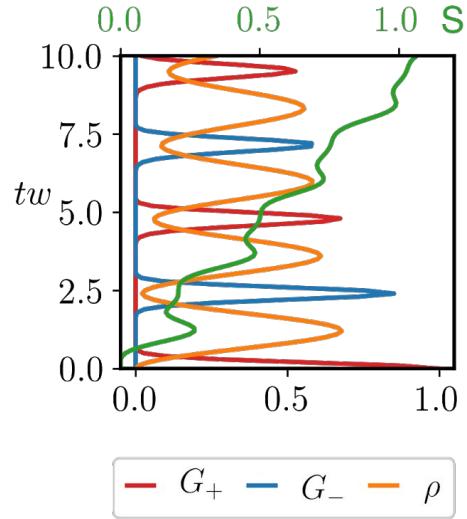
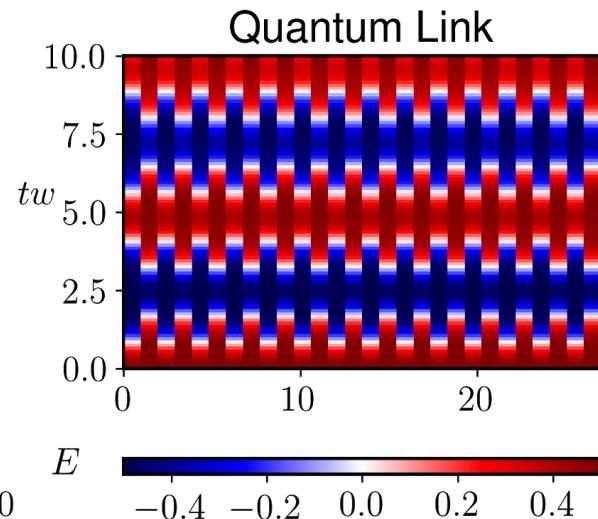
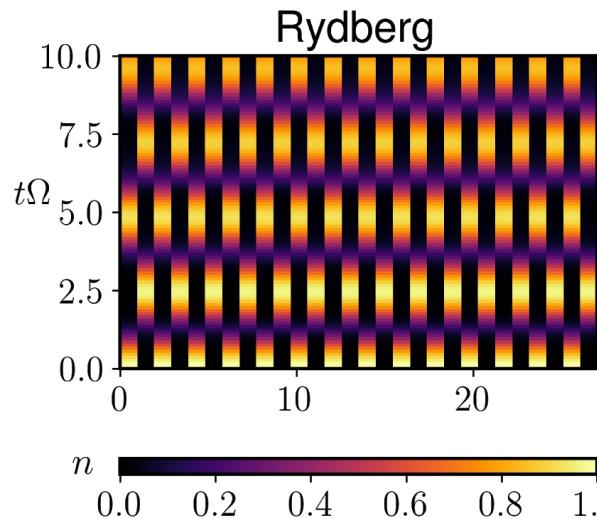
**Pairs**

**CDW 1**   ● ○ ● ○ ● ○ ●



**String**

# INTERPRETATION AS STRING INVERSION



**CDW 2**    ● ● ○ ● ○ ● ○



**Anti-string**

**Empty**    ● ● ● ● ● ● ●



**Pairs**

**CDW 1**    ● ○ ● ○ ● ○ ●



**String**

## GENERALITY - OTHER U(1) LGTs

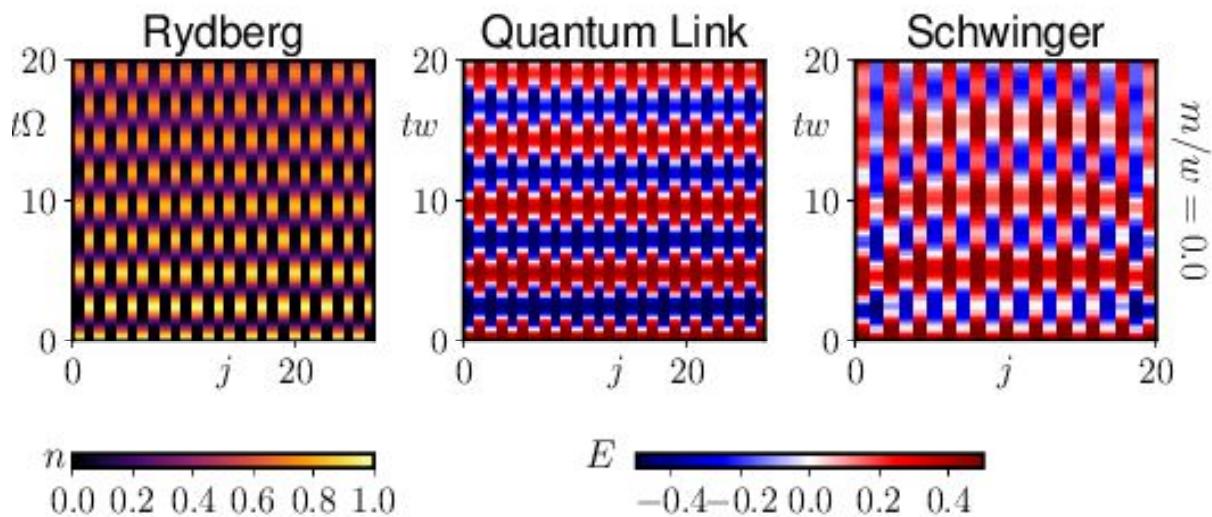
$$\hat{H} = -w \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{U}_{j,j+1} \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c}) + m \sum_{j=1}^L (-1)^j \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j + J \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} \hat{E}_{j,j+1}^2$$

$$\hat{G}_j = \hat{E}_{j,j+1} - \hat{E}_{j-1,j} - \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j + \frac{1 - (-1)^j}{2}$$

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$$\hat{H} = -w \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{U}_{j,j+1} \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c}) + m \sum_{j=1}^L (-1)^j \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j + J \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} \hat{E}_{j,j+1}^2$$

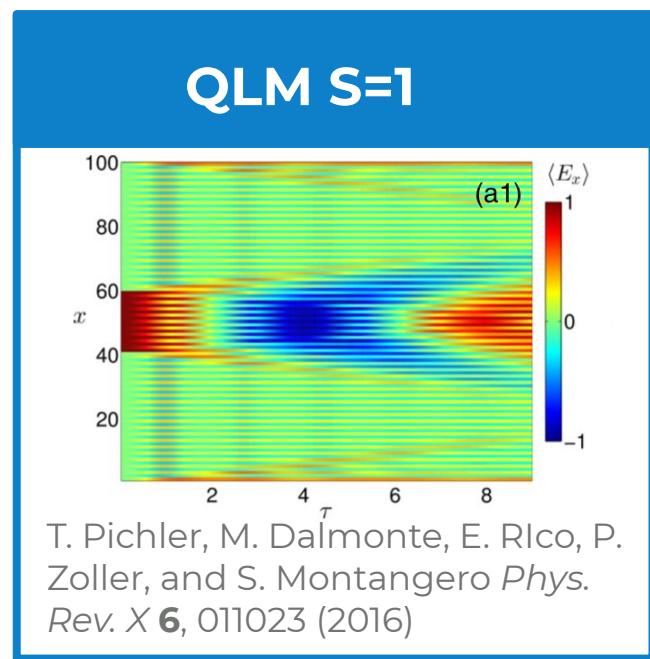
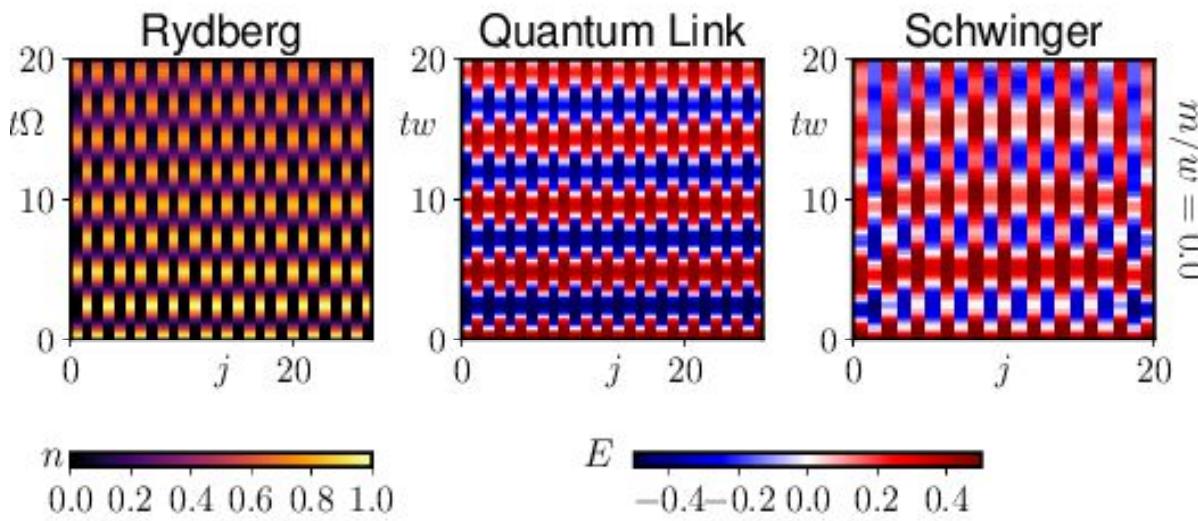
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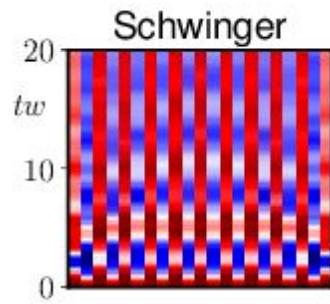
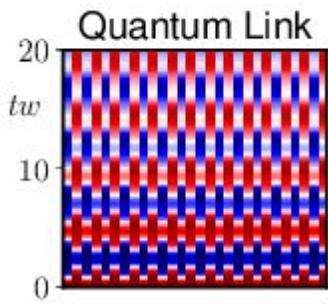
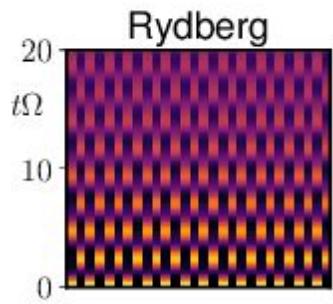
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$$\hat{H} = -w \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} (\hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{U}_{j,j+1} \hat{\Phi}_{j+1} + \text{h.c}) + m \sum_{j=1}^L (-1)^j \hat{\Phi}_j^\dagger \hat{\Phi}_j + J \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} \hat{E}_{j,j+1}^2$$

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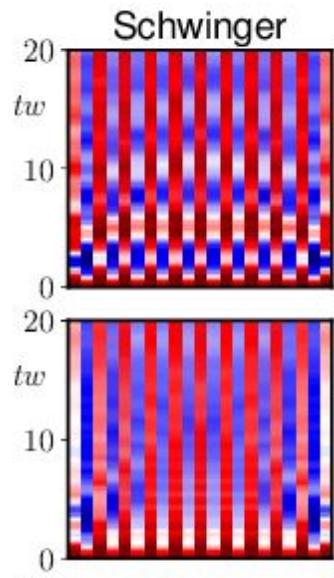
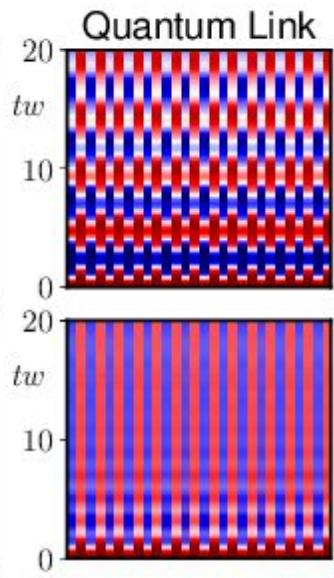
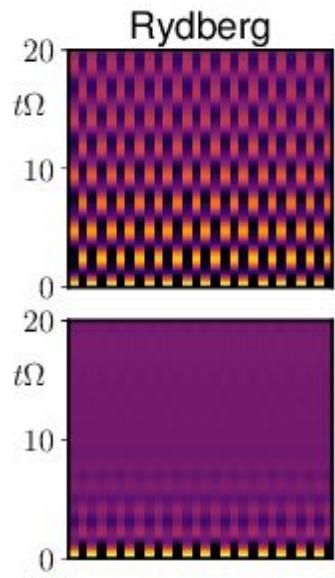


# WITH MASS - PHASE TRANSITION



$m/w = 0.25$

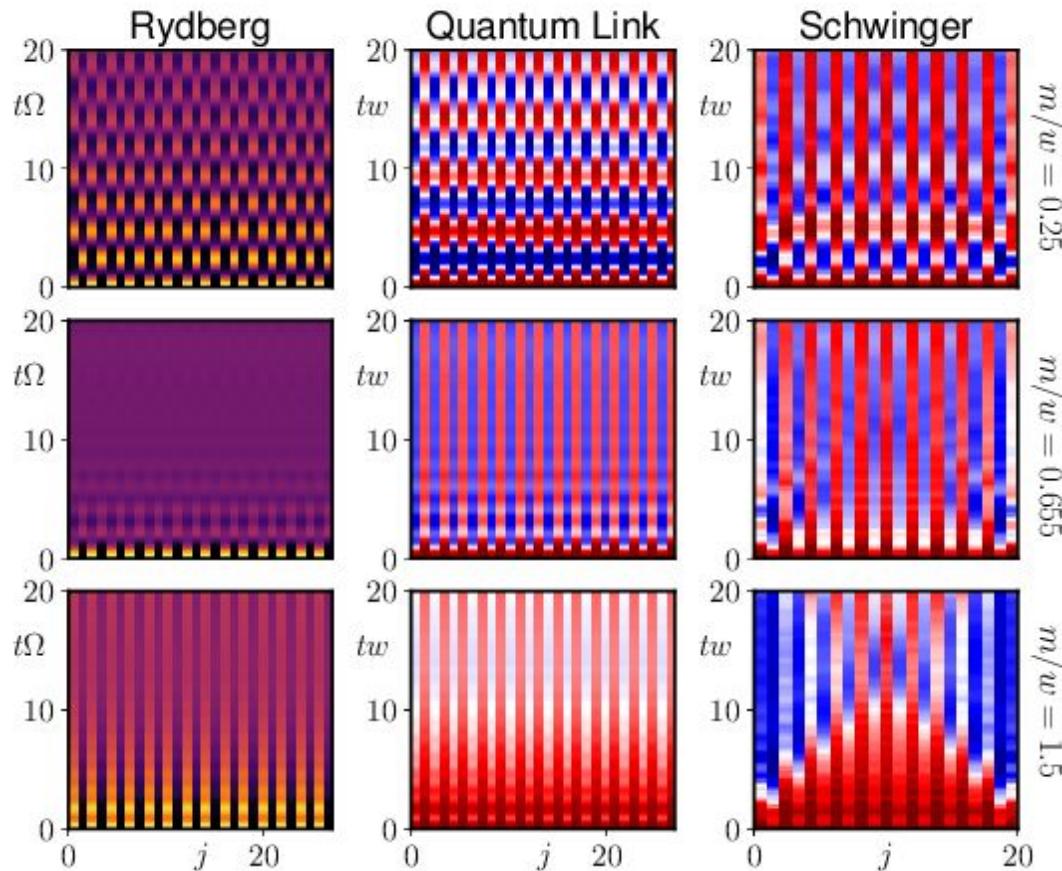
# WITH MASS - PHASE TRANSITION



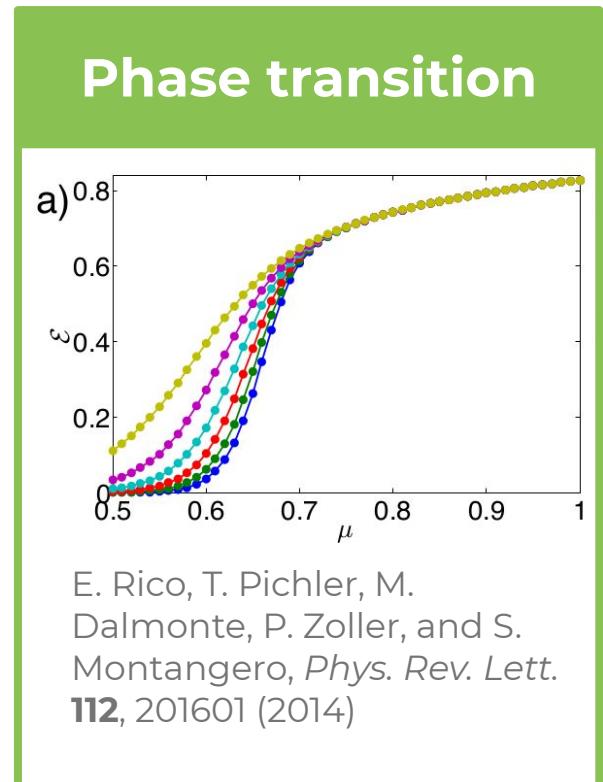
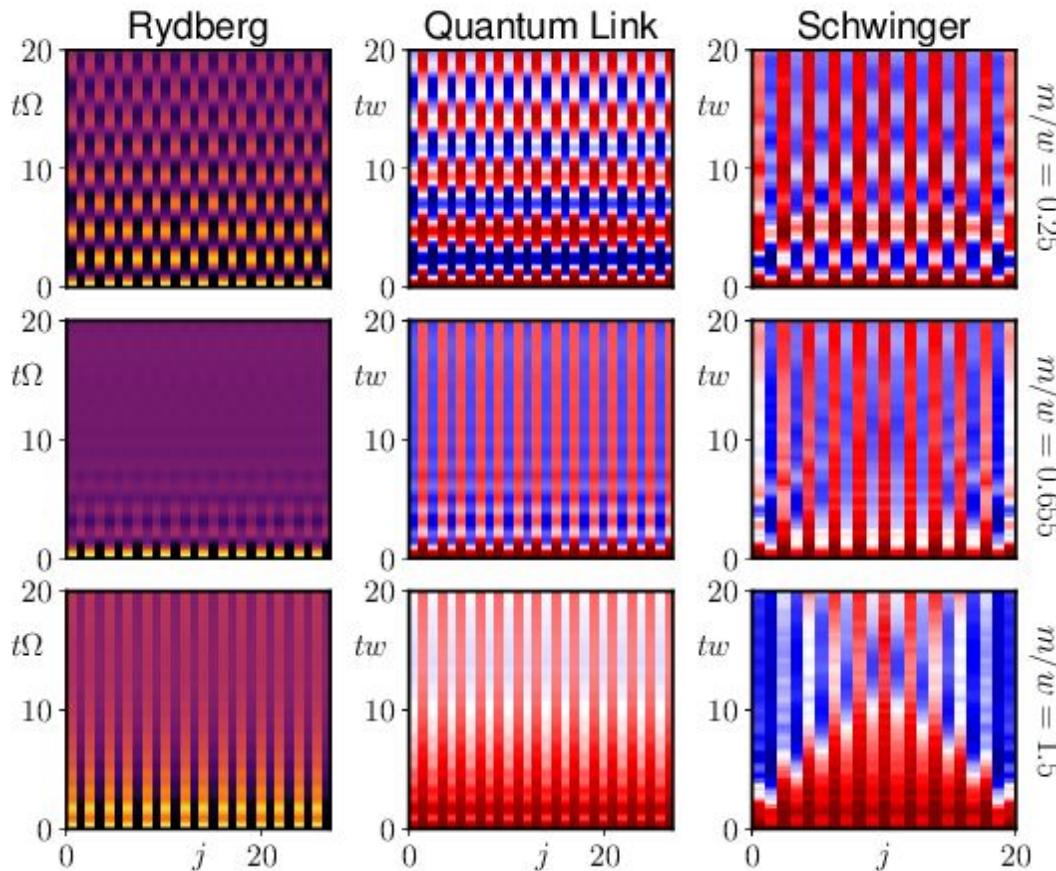
$m/w = 0.25$

$m/w = 0.655$

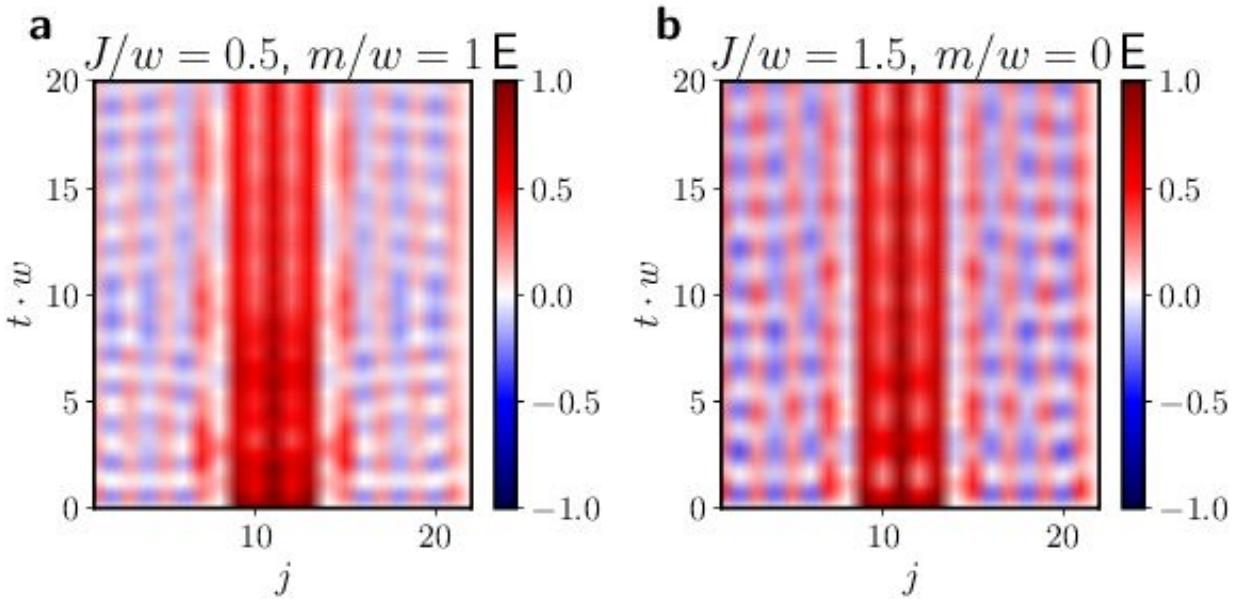
# WITH MASS - PHASE TRANSITION



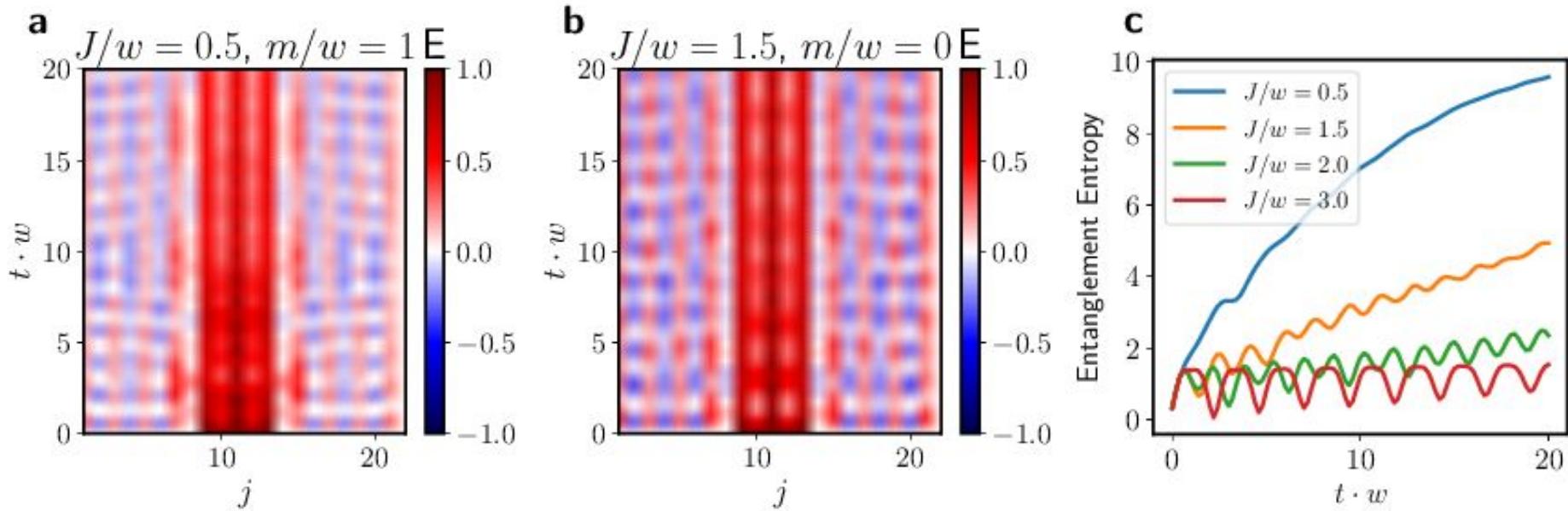
# WITH MASS - PHASE TRANSITION



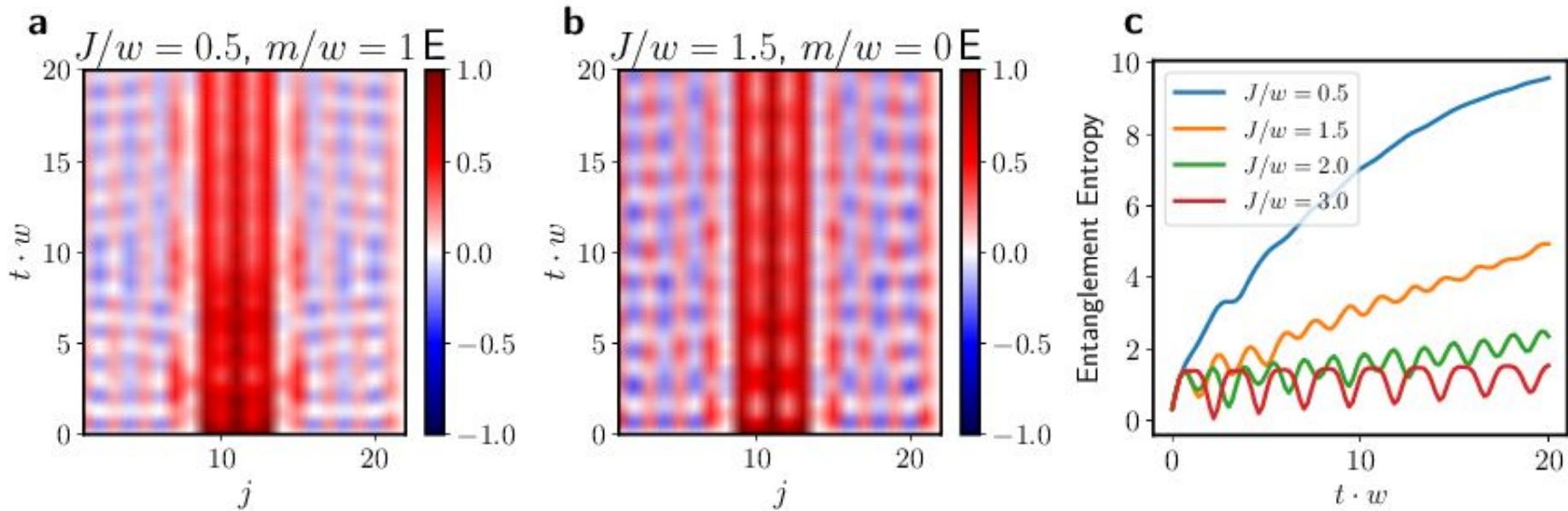
# OTHER “SLOW DYNAMICS”- NO STRING BREAKING IN LATTICE SCHWINGER MODEL



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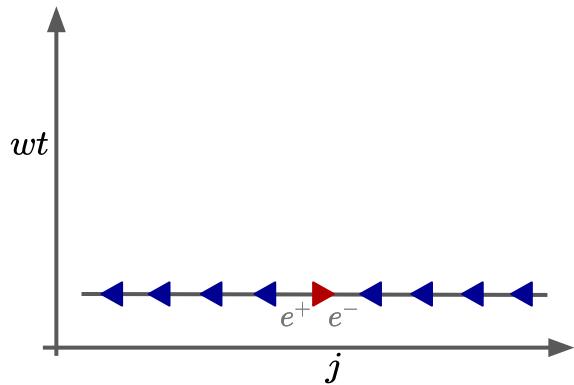


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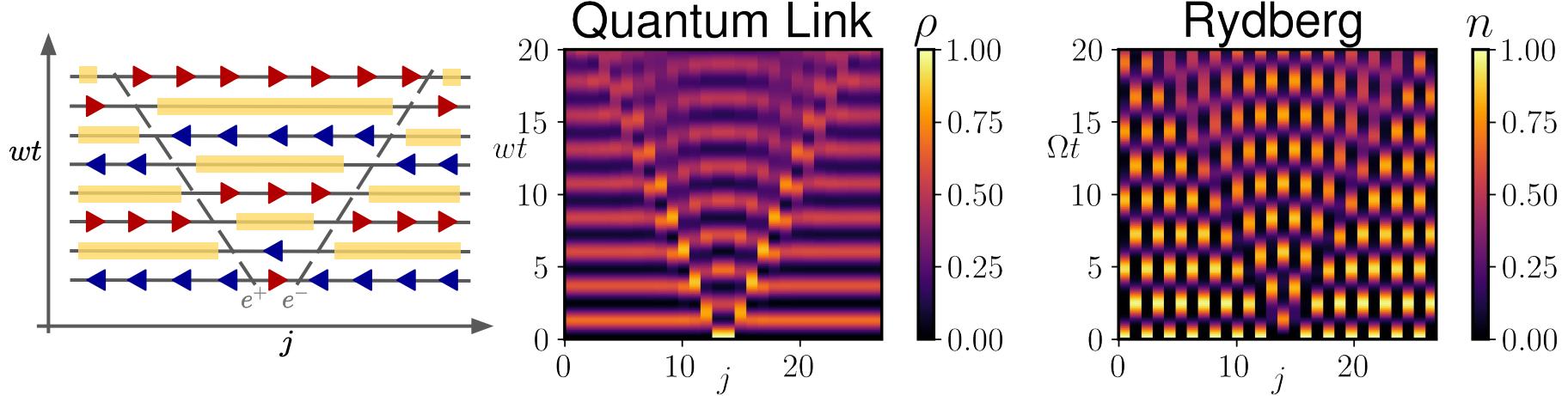


String breaking strongly suppressed

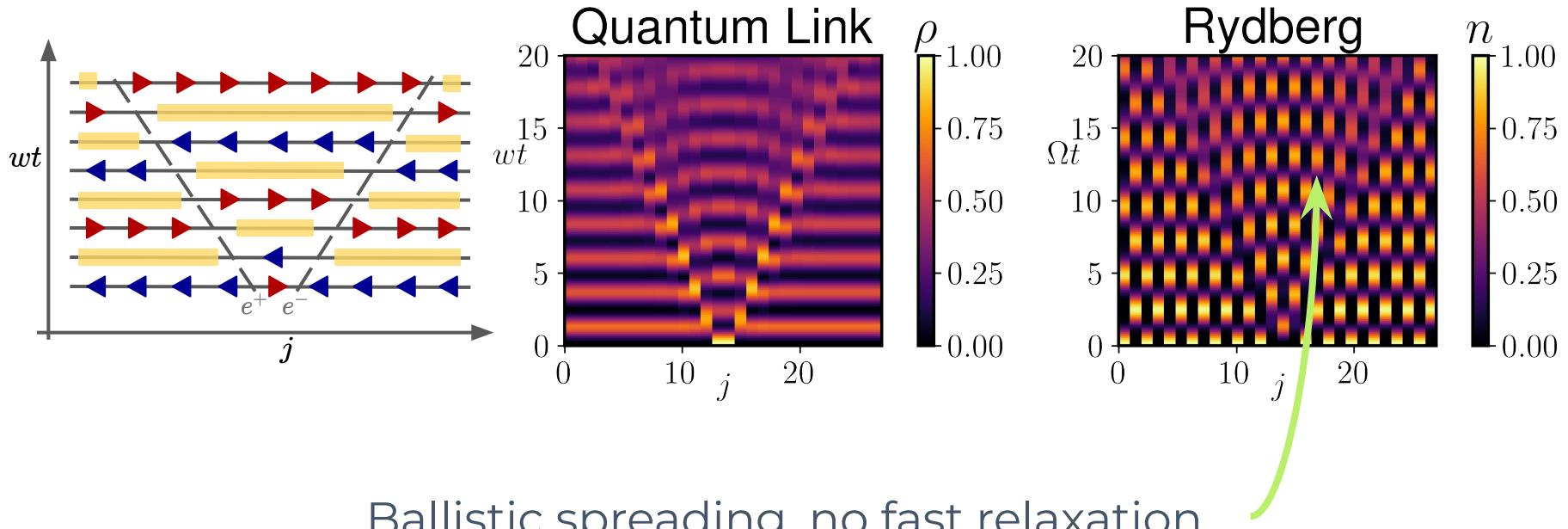
# OTHER “SLOW DYNAMICS” - PARTICLE-ANTIPARTICLE PAIRS



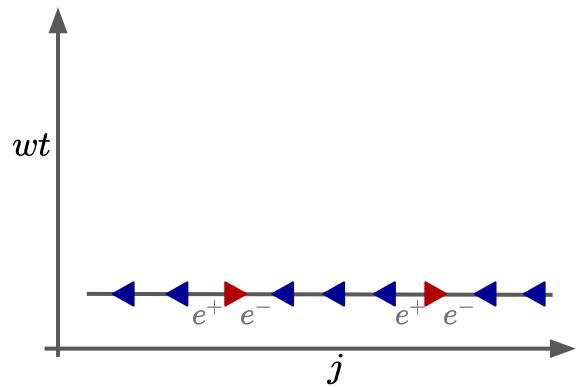
# OTHER “SLOW DYNAMICS” - PARTICLE-ANTIPARTICLE PAIRS



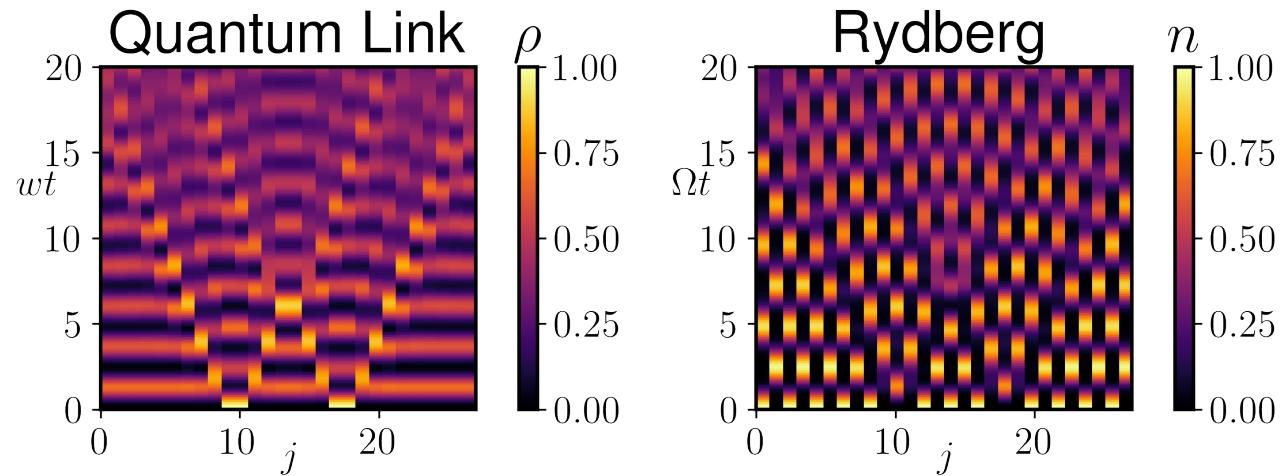
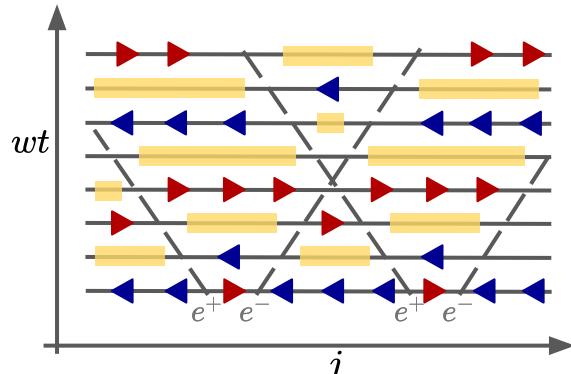
# OTHER “SLOW DYNAMICS” - PARTICLE-ANTIPARTICLE PAIRS



# OTHER “SLOW DYNAMICS” - PARTICLE-ANTIPARTICLE PAIRS



# OTHER “SLOW DYNAMICS” - PARTICLE-ANTIPARTICLE PAIRS



Two pairs: interference pattern

# SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

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naturally realized in  
**Rydberg atom** arrays

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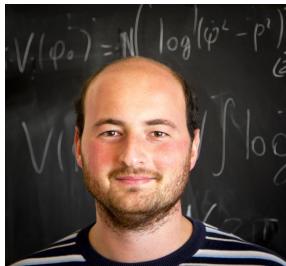
2 Gauge theory  
interpretation of **slow**  
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**dynamics**
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(Schwinger, QLM S=1)
- 4 Perspective:  
experiments with  
**particle-antiparticle**  
**pairs**



Paolo P.  
Mazza



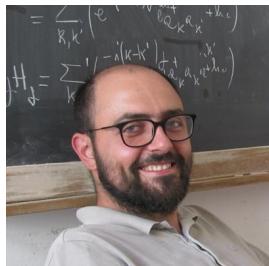
Giuliano  
Giudici



Alessio  
Lerose



Andrea  
Gambassi

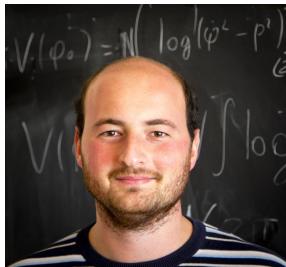


Marcello  
Dalmonte



**SISSA**  
40!





Paolo P.  
Mazza



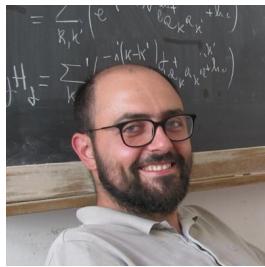
Giuliano  
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**SISSA**  
40!



**THANK YOU FOR YOUR  
ATTENTION!**